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## What lettuce can bearded dragons have

A. By far the most common variety of lettuce is iceberg, a head lettuce that is used in salads and sandwiches. Although it is often criticized by some for having little flavor and practically no nutritive value, iceberg continues to be the top seller in the lettuce category. Most supermarkets offer other more flavorful varieties:Boston (or butter) lettuce is a round, loosely packed head lettuce with soft green leaves. It is very sweet and tender.Bibb lettuce is related to Boston lettuce but is smaller, crisper, and more expensive.Leaf lettuce (red and green) is less sweet than Boston and Bibb. Its soft leaves with curly edges are ideal for sandwiches and make a good addition to salads. The red variety is more fragile than the green, but both can deteriorate quickly.Romaine lettuce has elongated heads with dark green outer leaves and lighter, more tender hearts. The leaves are very crisp and sturdy.Oak leaf lettuce, frisee, and chicory are less common salad greens. They are often included as components in baby-lettuce mixes. 1 What Is a High Level of Gamma GT? 2 Where to Buy Cryptocurrency: A Guide for Beginners 3 What Is Social Location in Sociology? 4 How the COVID-19 Pandemic Has Changed Workplaces in Lasting Ways 5 What Are the Steps of Presidential Impeachment? 1 How Many Glasses of Wine Are in a Bottle? 2 How Big Is 3 Centimeters? 3 What Are Some Similarities Between Cats and Dogs? 4 Why Is Graduation Important? 5 What is the American Notary Association? A Guide to All Things Notarial When most people think about bearded dragons, they picture a sandy-colored reptile. But many people may be surprised to discover that bearded dragons can come in a variety of different colors, patterns, and something referred to as morphs or mutations. Other reptiles such as leopard geckos also come in different morphs. A morph has more to do with describing what a bearded dragon looks like rather than just identifying its color, although some use the terms interchangeably. Morphs also often explain what a bearded dragon's body type or size looks like. Different bearded dragon morphs may have different colors, but they can also have differing spikes, scales, head shapes, nail colors, patterns, and more. Some morphs can fetch a hefty price from breeders and are less commonly seen than other morphs, so it's wise to be prepared and educated before going out to purchase a bearded dragon. There are also combination morphs, which can become very confusing if you aren't a savvy bearded dragon morph identifier. Actively scan device characteristics for identification. Use precise geolocation data. Store and/or access information on a device. Select personalised content. Create a personalised content profile. Measure ad performance. Select basic ads. Create a personalised ads profile. Select personalised ads. Apply market research to generate audience insights. Measure content performance. Develop and improve products. List of Partners (vendors) Bearded dragons, or "beardies," are moderately sized lizards native to Australia. They range in color but are often a light tan to brown with a long, thick tail and a spiky, beard-like collar around their neck. While they are generally considered good pets, even for beginner reptile owners, they do have fairly complex nutritional and environmental needs. Special equipment and a fair amount of time are needed to care for bearded dragons. However, they are generally social and easy to tame, and they show a range of fascinating behaviors that make them interesting to watch. Common Names: Bearded dragon, central bearded dragon, inland bearded dragon Scientific Name: Pogona vitticeps Adult Size: 16 to 24 inches long Life Expectancy: 6 to 10 years Bearded dragons get their common name from the spines that encircle their necks. These spines usually lie flat. But if a dragon feels threatened, its throat will expand and the spines will stand up. In captivity, however, bearded dragons are generally docile, so owners rarely see their aggressive displays. These animals are active during the day and typically learn to tolerate handling well. Many even enjoy perching on their keepers' shoulders. However, male bearded dragons should be housed separately, as they can be territorial. For a single adult bearded dragon, a 55- to 75-gallon tank, along with a secure screen top, is ideal. Smaller tanks can be used for juveniles, but they will quickly outgrow them. Bearded dragons are semi-arboreal (tree-dwelling) and sometimes like to perch off the ground. A selection of sturdy rocks, half logs, and branches can give them something to climb on, especially in the part of the tank used as a basking area. There should also be hiding spots, such as hollow logs, for your bearded dragon to feel comfortable. Proper temperatures in the tank are extremely important. As with other reptiles, a temperature gradient should be provided for your bearded dragon, as well as a basking spot. The gradient should go from 80 to 85 degrees Fahrenheit on the cool side, up to a basking temperature of around 95 to 105 degrees Fahrenheit. Nighttime temperatures can fall to approximately 65 to 70 degrees Fahrenheit. Heat can be provided via an incandescent light, ceramic heater, or a mercury vapor bulb in a dome reflector hood. You might need to experiment with wattage and distance from the tank to provide appropriate temperatures. Use thermometers in the tank to monitor the temperatures at the basking spot, as well as at either end of the thermal gradient. Never rely on estimates. If necessary, an under-tank heater can be used to supplement the heat, especially at night if the room temperature is very low. Exposure to UV lighting is extremely important for pet bearded dragons. Special fluorescent bulbs can be found at pet stores that provide UV light. Your bearded dragon should be able to get within 12 inches of these lights to benefit from the UV emitted, depending on the type of bulb. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations. Moreover, the lights should be directed through a screen top rather than glass, as glass filters out some UV rays. Maintain a consistent day-night cycle by providing roughly 12 hours of light and 12 hours of darkness each day. Placing the lights on a timer can be helpful. Exposure to sunlight can also be beneficial. If time outdoors is provided, shade and shelter must be available, so your bearded dragon can thermoregulate. Never place your pet outside in a glass tank, as overheating will quickly occur in the sunlight. Bearded dragons prefer a humidity level of around 35% to 40%. This mimics their natural arid environment. Usually this level is only difficult to maintain if you live in a high-humidity area. But if you do need to raise the humidity, you can mist your bearded dragon. Monitor the tank humidity using a hydrometer. Substrate is the material you place on the floor of your bearded dragon's enclosure. It helps to maintain humidity in the environment, and it can give the tank a more natural look and feel. For juveniles, loose substrate, such as sand, should be avoided. There is too great a risk of ingestion either accidentally or out of curiosity, and this can lead to intestinal impaction. Paper towels or reptile carpet can be used instead. For adults, washed play sand (not fine silica sand) can be used, though paper towels or reptile carpet works fine, too. Do not use wood shavings, corn cob, walnut shell, or other substrates that could cause problems if swallowed. If sand is used, feces can be scooped out with a cat litter scoop. Sand allows bearded dragons to dig and burrow, which they enjoy. In the wild, bearded dragons are omnivores, eating a mixture of invertebrate and vertebrate prey, including insects and smaller animals as well as plant material. In captivity, they should be fed a combination of insects and vegetables. Bearded dragons generally should be fed at least once every 24 hours, depending on their age. Baby bearded dragons often eat three times per day. Consult your veterinarian for the proper quantity of food, as this largely depends on your animal's size. Crickets that are fed to a bearded dragon should not be very large, especially for baby bearded dragons. Never feed any items bigger than the distance between the bearded dragon's eyes. For adult bearded dragons, you can offer a wider range of insects, such as waxworms, silkworms, butterworms, red worms, earthworms, newly molted mealworms, and superworms. Pinkie mice can also occasionally be offered to adults. Insects should be gut loaded (fed nutritious foods that pass to your pet) and lightly dusted with calcium and vitamin D supplements to prevent metabolic bone disease. Dust with a complete multivitamin no more than once a week. In addition to insects, bearded dragons should be fed a mixture of leafy greens and other vegetables and fruits. These items can be chopped and mixed together to make a salad, which can be fed in a shallow bowl. Leafy greens can also be clipped to the side of the enclosure. Provide water to your bearded dragon in a shallow dish. If your dragon enjoys soaking in the water, you can offer a larger dish for it to climb into occasionally. One of the most serious ailments affecting bearded dragons is metabolic bone disease. This is the result of an imbalanced calcium-to-phosphorus ratio. It can lead to a softening of the bones, making them prone to fractures. Like other reptiles, bearded dragons also are susceptible to respiratory infections. Symptoms commonly include wheezing or excess mucus around the nostrils and mouth. Furthermore, bearded dragons are prone to impaction of the digestive system, often due to certain insects in their diet. This is especially true with crunchy bugs, such as mealworms. So it is best to feed these in limited quantities, especially to juvenile bearded dragons. The Spruce / Alison Czinkota Virtually all bearded dragons available in the United States are captive-bred, as Australia has strict laws against the exportation of its wildlife. This is ideal because wild-caught animals often fail to thrive in captivity. Bearded dragons are easily found from reputable breeders or rescue organizations. Young dragons often cost around \$50 while adults can cost around \$100. Select a bearded dragon that is active with healthy-looking skin. Some red flags include swollen joints; discharge around the eyes, nose, or mouth; discolored skin; and runny droppings. If you're interested in similar pets, check out: Otherwise, check out other types of reptiles and amphibians that can be your new pet. what kind of lettuce can bearded dragons have

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