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Gizmo pulley lab answer key

Name: _____ Date: _____ Student Exploration: Pulley Lab Vocabulary: block and tackle, conservation of energy, efficiency, friction, input force, load, mechanical advantage, output force, pulley, pulley system, simple machine, work Prior Knowledge Questions (Do these BEFORE using the Gizmo.) A pulley is a wheel with a groove for a rope or cable. The image at left shows an example of a pulley system, also called a block and tackle. 1. Why do you think people use pulley systems to lift heavy loads? cuts the amount of work required in half, the more pulleys the more the work gets cut in half. 2. In what places have you seen pulleys at work? flagpoles, cranes Gizmo Warm-up The Pulley Lab Gizmo demonstrates why pulleys are useful for lifting loads. To begin, check that the Gizmo has the following settings: The Pulley configuration is 1 fixed, 1 moveable. As you did before, slowly drag the input force balance to the right until the 50-N load begins to rise. 1. What is the minimum force required to lift a 50-N load with one fixed pulley? 54 N. 2. Change the Pulley configuration to 1 fixed, 1 moveable. As you did before, slowly drag the input force balance to the right until the load begins to lift. A. What force is required to lift a 50-N load with this pulley system? 30 N. B. What is one advantage of using a pulley system? Uses less force. Activity A: Mechanical advantage Get the Gizmo ready: Select the 1 fixed pulley configuration. Set the Weight to 60 N and Efficiency to 100%. You will need a calculator for this activity. Introduction: A pulley is an example of a simple machine. Many simple machines are useful because they allow the user to lift a heavy weight using less force than it would take to lift the weight directly. The mechanical advantage of the machine is a measure of this benefit. Question: What is the mechanical advantage of each pulley system? 1. Predict: How will adding more pulleys affect the input force needed to lift the load? The input force becomes lower then more pulleys you add. The input force is the force that you make, the output is the machines force. 2. Gather data: With the Weight set to 60 N and the Efficiency set to 100%, find the minimum input force needed to lift the load with each system. Fill in the table below. Include units. Pulley system Weight (N) Minimum input force (N) 1 fixed 60 N 61 N 1 fixed, 1 moveable 60 N 31 N 2 fixed, 2 moveable 60 N 16 N 3 fixed, 3 moveable 60 N 11 N 3. Summarize: How does the minimum input change as you add more pulleys to the system? Adding more pulleys means the minimum input force will decrease. 4. Analyze: Compare the input force to the number of pulleys in each system. Do you see a pattern? If so, describe it: The pattern seems to be half of the previous number. The first 3 pulley systems are half of the previous system; however the last system is not half of the previous. 5. Apply: How much force do you think would be needed to lift a 100-N load with a pulley system composed of two fixed and two moveable pulleys? 26 N Check your answer with the Gizmo. How much force was actually needed? 28 N (Activity A continued on next page) 5. Apply: How much force do you think would be needed to lift a 100-N load with a pulley system composed of two fixed and two moveable pulleys? Check your answer with the Gizmo. How much force was actually needed? (Activity A continued on next page) Activity A (continued from previous page) 6. Calculate: The mechanical advantage of a pulley system is equal to the output force (Fout) divided by the input force (Fin). The input force and output force for each pulley system is shown in the bottom-right corner of the Gizmo. Use the Gizmo to find the input force and output force for each pulley system. In each case, use the same input force that you used to lift the 60-N load. Pulley system Input force (N) Output force (N) Mechanical advantage 1 fixed 61 N 61 N 1.0 N 1 fixed, 1 moveable 31 N 62 N 2.0 N 2 fixed, 2 moveable 16 N 64 N 4.0 N 3 fixed, 3 moveable 11 N 66 N 6.0 N 7. Make a rule: How is the mechanical advantage related to the total number of pulleys in the pulley system? Other than the 1 fixed system, the rest of the systems are half of the mechanical advantage. 8. Apply: Imagine a pulley system with four fixed and four moveable pulleys. A. What would be the mechanical advantage of this system? B. Using this system, how much input force would be needed to lift a 500-N load? 9. Think and discuss: So far, you've been working with an ideal pulley system. How do you think real pulley systems are different, and how would that affect the mechanical advantage of real pulley systems?

Activity B: Work and energy Get the Gizmo ready: Select the 1 fixed pulley. Set the Weight to 80 N and Efficiency to 100%. You will need a calculator for this activity. Introduction: The law of conservation of energy states that in a closed system the total energy is constant. In other words, energy is neither created nor destroyed. Question: How does a pulley system demonstrate conservation of energy? 1. Observe: Lift the 80-N load with different pulley systems. Notice the length of the rope pile. How does adding pulleys affect the distance you have to pull the rope to lift the object? 2. Gather data: Lift the 80-N load to the top with each pulley system. In each case, record the input force, input distance, output force, and height. Include units. Pulley system Input force (N) Input distance (m) Output force (N) Height (m) 1 fixed 1 fixed, 1 moveable 2 fixed, 2 moveable 3 fixed, 3 moveable 3. Calculate: When a force is exerted over a distance, work is done on an object. Work is measured in joules (J) and is equal to the product of force and distance: $W = F \cdot d$. For each pulley system, calculate the input work (input force \cdot input distance) and the output work (output force \cdot height). Units of work are newton-meters, or joules (J). Pulley system Input work (J) Output work (J) 1 fixed 1 moveable 2 fixed, 2 moveable 3 fixed, 3 moveable 4. Analyze: Work is a measure of energy. Look at each pair of input-output values. How do pulley systems illustrate conservation of energy? Extension: Friction and efficiency Get the Gizmo ready: Select 1 fixed pulley, and set the Weight to 40 N. Select the Standard pulleys (5 N). You will need a calculator for this activity. Introduction: So far you have studied ideal pulley systems. In the real world, friction reduces the advantage of any pulley system. Efficiency is a measure of how much friction is present. Question: How does friction affect the mechanical advantage of a pulley system? 1. Observe: Use the fixed pulley to lift the 40-N load. Vary the efficiency of the pulley. How does the efficiency of the pulley affect how much force is needed to lift the 40-N load? 2. Gather data: Use the 1 fixed pulley to lift the 40-N load at the following efficiencies. In each case, record the input force and output force shown at bottom right. Efficiency Load (N) Input force (N) Output force (N) Ratio (Output \cdot Input) 100% 40.0 N 75% 40.0 N 67% 40.0 N 50% 40.0 N 3. Calculate: Divide each output force by the input force to find the ratio. Fill in the last column. How does the ratio of output force to input force compare to the efficiency of the pulley? 4. Make a rule: Given the input force and output force of a fixed pulley, how do you calculate efficiency? 5. Challenge yourself: An ideal system with one fixed and one moveable pulley has a mechanical advantage of two. Suppose a real system with one fixed and one moveable pulley had an efficiency of 80%. (Recall that a standard pulley has a weight of 5 newtons.) A. Using this system, how much force will be needed to lift a 45-N load? B. Check your answer using the Gizmo. How much force was needed? C. Modify your efficiency equation from #4 above to factor in mechanical advantage. Solution details: This attachment is locked We have a ready expert answer for this paper which you can use for in-depth understanding, research editing or paraphrasing. You can buy it or order for a fresh, original and plagiarism-free copy (Deadline assured. Flexible pricing. TurnItIn Report provided) Sample Solutions Get Same Assignment Done from Scratch Get this solution for only: \$

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